

THE MAN WHO WINS

The man who wins is the man who works—
The man who tells while the next man shirks;
The man who stands in his deep distress
With his head held high in the deadly press—
Yes, he is the man who wins.

The man who wins is the man who knows
The value of pain and the worth of woes—
Who a lesson learns from the man who falls
And a moral finds in his mournful wails.
Yes, he is the man who wins.

The man who wins is the man who stays
In the unsought paths and the rocky ways,
And, perhaps, who lingers, now and then,
To help some failure to rise again.
Yes, he is the man who wins.

—Exchange.

NEVADA'S NEW UNION.

The Amicable Relations Between it and the Mine Owners.

Goldfield, Jan. 23.—The Nevada Miners' Union, recently chartered to displace the Western Federation in Nevada, is, it is said, acquiring a strong membership and receiving the moral support of the Mine Operators' association. Within the last few days several large operators have, it is claimed, applied to the new union for miners to work their properties. It is said that there will be no difficulty in providing employment at the prevailing scale of wages to all miners who sign the membership roll.

B. & O. WAGES.

A Cut Caused by the Depression of Business.

Baltimore, Jan. 23.—Attributing its action to a depression in business, resulting largely in the decreasing of earnings, the Baltimore and Ohio railroad tonight announced a reduction of 10 per cent. in the pay of all officers and employees receiving over \$150 a month, and bringing down to \$150 all monthly salaries between \$150 and \$160. The cut becomes effective on February 12.

CALABRIAN EARTHQUAKE.

Reggio, De Calabria, Jan. 23.—A second shock was felt late today more severe than the first. Many buildings were damaged, a large number of houses being rendered uninhabitable. The municipal building at Bianco Nuovo collapsed.

Notwithstanding the intense cold, people are camping in the open. The municipal authorities have set up tents in fields, which to some extent will alleviate their sufferings.

A POLITICIAN IN JAIL

St. Paul, Jan. 23.—Judge Morris, of the federal district court, today sentenced Harman S. Smith, a well known politician of Minneapolis, for three months in jail for contempt of court. Smith was recently arrested on a charge of jury tampering.

J. HAM'S OPINIONS

J. Ham, he says all women are—
But there!
In writing it I'd go too far;
I'd never dare.
You'd better be, if I'm a clam,
J. Ham.

J. Ham, he says that James and truth—
But what?
J. Ham had better hold, forsooth,
His wagging jaw.
Some day you'll get a dreadful slam,
J. Ham!

DEAF TELEGRAPH OPERATOR

Maine newspapers speak of Peter A. Foley of Portland as "the most wonderful telegraph operator in the world." Foley is totally deaf, an affliction which would ordinarily be supposed to make telegraphy an utter impossibility to him, but, since he became blind, eight years ago, he has developed what may be called a sixth sense, and by touch and sight he can detect the faintest movements of the instrument and correctly interpret them. By means of the sense of touch in his finger tips he takes messages transmitted from the ends of the continent and can also read a message by watching the sounder. With his left forefinger placed lightly on the sounder he can take a message as accurately as the average operator.

AN OLD "BLIND TIGER."

Odd devices that have been adopted by liquor dealers to foil the officers of the law in prohibition Maine, were told of the other day by a man who has recently spent some time in the dry state. In the course of an interview he said: "In a restaurant I patronized in Portland—I went there for food, and not to drink—the officers came around quite often, but did not find anything until one day one of them spied a wire hanging from the refrigerator door. He opened the door and pulled the wire. The door parted, and there, inside, where sawdust or charcoal should have been, was a neat row of shelves filled with bottles of whiskey. The shelves have been covered with soft cloth to keep the bottles from rattling. They took the ice box door off its hinges and carted it away for evidence. The evidence cost the boss of the place \$100 and costs."

MURDERER CONSTANTINE DEAD.

Joliet, Jan. 23.—Frank J. Constantine, who killed Mrs. Louis Constantine, and who attempted suicide late Saturday, by throwing himself from the prison, died tonight of his injuries.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
We the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Do People Shun You

ON ACCOUNT OF FOUL BREATH FROM CATARRH?

THEN READ BELOW.



"My, My! What a Breath! Why Don't You Have Gauss Cure That Catarrh?"

If you continually hawk and spit and there is a constant dripping from the nose into the mouth, if you have foul, disgusting breath, you have catarrh and I can cure it.

All you need to do is simply this: Fill out coupon below.

Don't doubt, don't argue! You have everything to gain, nothing to lose by doing as I tell you. I want no money—just your name and address.

FREE

This coupon is good for one trial package of Gauss' Combined Catarrh Cure, mailed free in plain package. Simply fill in your name and address on dotted lines below and mail to:
C. E. GAUSS, 1476 Main Street, Marshall, Mich.

SISTER PRAYS FOR PETITION OR PAROLE

Governor Asked to Release Dave Holiday From Serving Life Sentence For Murder.

Mrs. Jacob Soliers yesterday called upon Governor Kibbey to present a request for the pardon of her brother, Dave Holiday, now in the territorial prison under a life sentence, together with a man named George Wright, both having been convicted of a homicide in the Graham county.

The crime was the killing of a man named Allen, in 1899 in the upper Gila valley, at the home of Wiley Holiday, a second cousin of Dave Holiday. Allen was a man of rather careless nature who had a considerable amount of money gathered together, kept in with him and made no secret of the fact. On the contrary he was given somewhat to letting the fact be known in a way that aroused the aversion of criminally inclined persons. He lived at the time with Wiley Holiday. One

night two men armed and masked, appeared beside the cot of Wiley Holiday and Allen out in the yard and with drawn revolvers ordered hands up. Wiley complied quickly but Allen undertook to argue the matter and in a very short space of time a gun was discharged and he was dead. One of the men then ran into the house and began kicking in a trunk where he supposed the money was concealed. Fearing further trouble Mrs. Holiday immediately brought forth a satchel and presented it to the robber, saying that she supposed that was what he had come for and to take it and go, which he did, Wright accompanying him.

One of the men had a revolver that did not fit the holster and in the hasty departure it fell out of the latter and was picked up and identified as the property of Wright or Dave Holiday. The horses that rode were also tracked and altogether the circumstantial evidence against them was convicting, and they were sent up for life.

In asking for pardon or parole the contention is not made that the men are guiltless but it is contended that the shooting was accidental in that it was a hair trigger revolver and through the nervousness of whichever man who held it, it was discharged prematurely or without a desire to kill. It is further set forth that Holiday has been a good prisoner, is a young man, has an aged mother who has suffered intensely as the result of the incident, and that the ends of justice have been met by the nine years service of Holiday, who is filled with regret and is deeply appreciative of the great wrong he has done. No action has been taken by the governor.

TRANSCRIPT OF RECORDS.

The following transcripts of the records of the offices of the district clerk, the probate court and the county recorder are furnished by the Arizona Abstract & Title company.

The records for yesterday were:

RECORDERS' OFFICE.

E. W. Jones et al. to W. K. Bowen, deed to undivided 1-5 interest in mining claims, Bunker Hill list.

L. K. Duke to Wm. Duke, deed to SW 1/4 Sec. 15 1N 5E.

Dudley S. Lewis to James Kirksey, deed to N 1/2 SW 1/4 Sec. 25 1N 5E.

Dudley S. Lewis to A. B. Brown, deed to S 1/2 SW 1/4 NW 1/4 Sec. 25 1N 5E.

Mary E. Loring and husband to Ernest Munson, deed to lot 12, block 5, Evergreen Place.

Katie McCalligan and husband to John T. Dunlap, deed to lot 13, block 48, and lot 17, block 46, Capitol addition.

Chas. L. Braxton and wife to C. B. King, deed to lots 9 and 10, block 3, Evans addition.

T. A. Knox and wife to Fred B. Easton, deed to SW 1/4 SE 1/4 Sec. 31 1N 5E.

Harvey J. Lee and wife to A. W. Chipperfield, deed to lots 7 and 8, block 4, Churchhill addition.

To The Members of the Arizona Wool Growers' Association:

There will be a meeting of the Arizona Wool Growers' Association at Phoenix, Arizona, on Saturday, February first, 1908.

TOM E. POLLOCK, President.

F. W. PERKINS, Secretary.

REMOVAL SALE

On February 1st we expect to occupy the West side of the building now occupied by the Dorris-Heyman Furniture Co. A sacrifice of our stock will be offered. Below is a partial list:

Knit Underwear

Values in knit underwear as follows:

\$2.00 silk and wool garments, special, each \$1.50

\$1.50 grades of fine woolen underwear, each \$1.00

\$1.25 values in shirts and drawers, each 95c

\$1.00 union suits and separate garments, each 65c

75c values in extra good knit union suits, each 50c

75c grades of vests and pants, medium weight, each 45c

Muslin Underwear

Fine cambric and all grades of muslin garments in corset covers, drawers, night gowns, chemise and undergarments. Special... 1-4 OFF

Remnants

Money saving prices where 1-4 to 1-2 can be realized on remnants of:

DRESS GOODS,

TABLE LINEN,

OUTING FLANNEL,

CALICOS,

SILKS,

GINGHAMS,

FLANNELETTES,

FERCALES,

DENIM,

EIDERDOWN,

RIBBON.

Broken Lines

Special saving of fully one half on many of the following:

HOSIERY,

TOWELS,

YARNS,

GLOVES,

BELTS,

CORSETS,

RUFFS.

Ladies' Coats

A short story. Prices tell the tale as everything will be offered as follows:

\$25.00 values in wine and black broadcloth coats, satin lined, \$15

\$20.00 values broadcloth, extra quality mercerized lining \$12.50

\$15.00 values \$10.00

\$10.00 values \$7.50

Ladies' Skirts

Values in skirts in volles, mohairs and all grades in values \$5.00 to \$15.00..... 1-4 OFF

Shirt Waists

Odd sizes in wash waists, values up to \$2.00. Special each..... \$1.00

Other grades in fine wash, silk and woolen waists 1-4 OFF

Gerard-Jones Dry Goods Co.

INDIAN SCHOOL ENTERTAINMENT—Tonight is the time of the entertainment to be given at the Indian school by Mrs. Krebs and Mrs. Sipes of the school. Both of them are

talented readers and they have arranged a most interesting program. As has been mentioned the proceeds of the entertainment are to go to the piano fund of the Osborn school. There

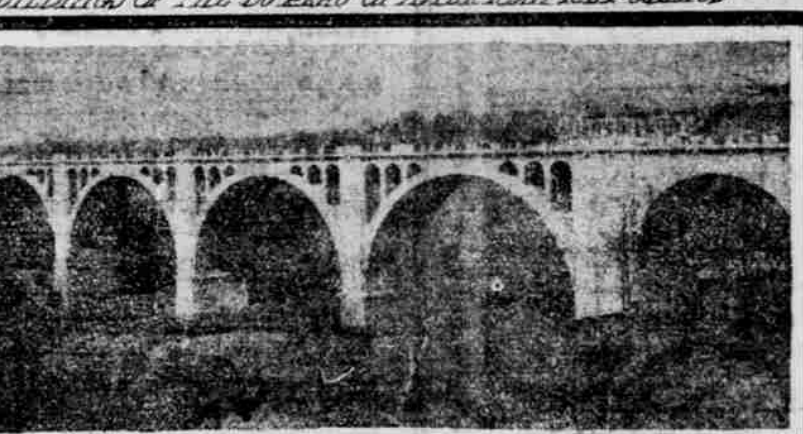
will be a large attendance from Phoenix and arrangements have been made by the street car company to hold a car at the school until after the entertainment.

WASHINGTON

THE WONDER OF THE WORLD
BY FORBES LINDSAY



BUILDINGS OF THE BUREAU OF AGRICULTURE



CONNECTICUT AVENUE BRIDGE



NEW DISTRICT BUILDING

will be commenced as soon as the desired sites along Pennsylvania avenue are available. The triple occupancy of the War, State and Navy Building will not be possible much longer. Two of those departments must be provided with separate buildings. The Department of Justice and the Department of Commerce and Labor need to be furnished with suitable quarters and there are a dozen or more of important bureaus and commissions scattered about in leased premises that should be adequately housed. Once a definite policy in this respect is adopted by Congress it will without doubt be carried out with celerity and thoroughness.

The District commissioners and their staff have never enjoyed the advantage of a permanent location or convenient offices. Their present quarters—the best they have ever occupied—are composed of bare, dingy rooms in an out-of-the-way building. They will soon move into the handsome white marble structure that is nearing completion at the junction of Pennsylvania avenue and Thirtieth street. When finished, with its approach of grass and shrubbery, forming a setting for the statue of Sheppard, the District Building will be a fitting companion to the great government edifices that are to rise on the same alignment.

Work on the new Agricultural Building is far advanced. It will be a truly magnificent structure, occupying a position near the middle of the triangular park which I have described. In close proximity to it will stand the new Smithsonian Institution, also in course of construction. The ground has been broken for the imposing home of the Bureau of American Republics, which has hitherto conducted its important work in a private house at the corner of Jackson Place.

The Union Station, which was recently opened, is one of the finest and most

ample railroad depots in the world. When its ornamental approaches are completed it will vie with any in appearance. The demolition of the old, miserably inadequate stations of the Baltimore and Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroads will effect great improvement to the city in several respects.

In October last, the foundation stone of the National Cathedral was laid upon St. Albans Mount. This will be the most beautiful and imposing ecclesiastical edifice in America and will bear comparison with the celebrated cathedrals of England. Its dominant site will bring the gothic towers and pinnacles into view from every part of the city.

The grand boulevard bridge, designed to carry Connecticut avenue over the gorge of Rock Creek, lacks only some minor ornamental accessories. It is the largest concrete bridge in the world and has been constructed at a cost of \$1,000,000. Another work of this character, which is likely to be authorized soon, is the Memorial Bridge across the Potomac, to be erected as a tribute to American patriotism. The design, which is the joint production of Mr. E. P. Casey and Mr. W. H. Burr, is unique and combines the extreme of gracefulness with the appearance of strength.

Extensive improvement of Rock Creek Park is projected. In this it has wisely been determined to interfere as little as possible with the natural features which are noted for their beauty. On the other side of the district, a park is planned to extend along the Anacostia, and in connection with that work the river will be deepened with a view to improving navigation.

The time is fast approaching when the American who goes to Berlin, Paris or Vienna, may point over his shoulder to Washington as the arch-temple of the city beautiful.



BUILDINGS FOR THE U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE WASHINGTON

AFTER a century of somewhat sluggish progress, Washington is bursting into the full splendor of which its founder dreamed, with what appeared to be extravagant optimism. Beneficial she has always been, but only in recent years has the federal city taken on the dignity and grandeur that were anticipated in the original design. During the first half-century of its existence the people and their representatives displayed no interest in the capital, and even regarded its permanency as questionable. After the Civil War we began to look upon this national center as a common heritage and the everlasting focal point of our unity. But the spirit of pride and the sense of possession, then aroused grew but slowly. Our legislators neglected the needs of the city and left the burden of improvement to the residents. After the Civil War we began to look upon this national center as a common heritage and the everlasting focal point of our unity. But the spirit of pride and the sense of possession, then aroused grew but slowly. Our legislators neglected the needs of the city and left the burden of improvement to the residents. After the Civil War we began to look upon this national center as a common heritage and the everlasting focal point of our unity. But the spirit of pride and the sense of possession, then aroused grew but slowly. Our legislators neglected the needs of the city and left the burden of improvement to the residents.